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Mathematics: analysis and approaches

Higher level

Paper 3

6 May 2024

Zone A afternoon | Zone B afternoon | Zone C afternoon

1 hour

Instructions to candidates

- Do not open this examination paper until instructed to do so.
- A graphic display calculator is required for this paper.
- Answer all the questions in the answer booklet provided.
- Unless otherwise stated in the question, all numerical answers should be given exactly or correct to three significant figures.
- A clean copy of the **mathematics: analysis and approaches HL formula booklet** is required for this paper.
- The maximum mark for this examination paper is **[55 marks]**.

Answer **all** questions in the answer booklet provided. Please start each question on a new page. Full marks are not necessarily awarded for a correct answer with no working. Answers must be supported by working and/or explanations. Solutions found from a graphic display calculator should be supported by suitable working. For example, if graphs are used to find a solution, you should sketch these as part of your answer. Where an answer is incorrect, some marks may be given for a correct method, provided this is shown by written working. You are therefore advised to show all working.

1. [Maximum mark: 24]

If two functions $f(x)$ and $g(x)$ are differentiable, then their product is differentiable and the two functions satisfy the product rule: $(f(x)g(x))' = f(x)g'(x) + g(x)f'(x)$.

In this question, you will meet examples of pairs of differentiable functions, $f(x)$ and $g(x)$, that also satisfy $(f(x)g(x))' = f'(x)g'(x)$.

In part (a), consider $f(x) = \frac{1}{(2-x)^2}$, where $x \in \mathbb{R}$, $x \neq 2$, and $g(x) = x^2$, where $x \in \mathbb{R}$.

(a) (i) Find an expression for $f'(x)$. [2]

(ii) Show that $f'(x)g'(x) = \frac{4x}{(2-x)^3}$. [2]

(iii) Show that $f(x)g'(x) + g(x)f'(x) = \frac{4x}{(2-x)^3}$. [4]

In parts (b) and (c), consider two non-constant functions, $f(x)$ and $g(x)$, where $f(x) > 0$ and $g(x) \neq g'(x)$.

(b) By rearranging the equation $f(x)g'(x) + g(x)f'(x) = f'(x)g'(x)$, show that $\frac{f'(x)}{f(x)} = \frac{g'(x)}{g'(x) - g(x)}$. [2]

(This question continues on the following page)

(Question 1 continued)

- (c) Hence, by integrating both sides of $\frac{f'(x)}{f(x)} = \frac{g'(x)}{g'(x) - g(x)}$, show that $f(x) = Ae^{\left(\int \frac{g'(x)}{g'(x) - g(x)} dx\right)}$, where A is an arbitrary positive constant. [2]

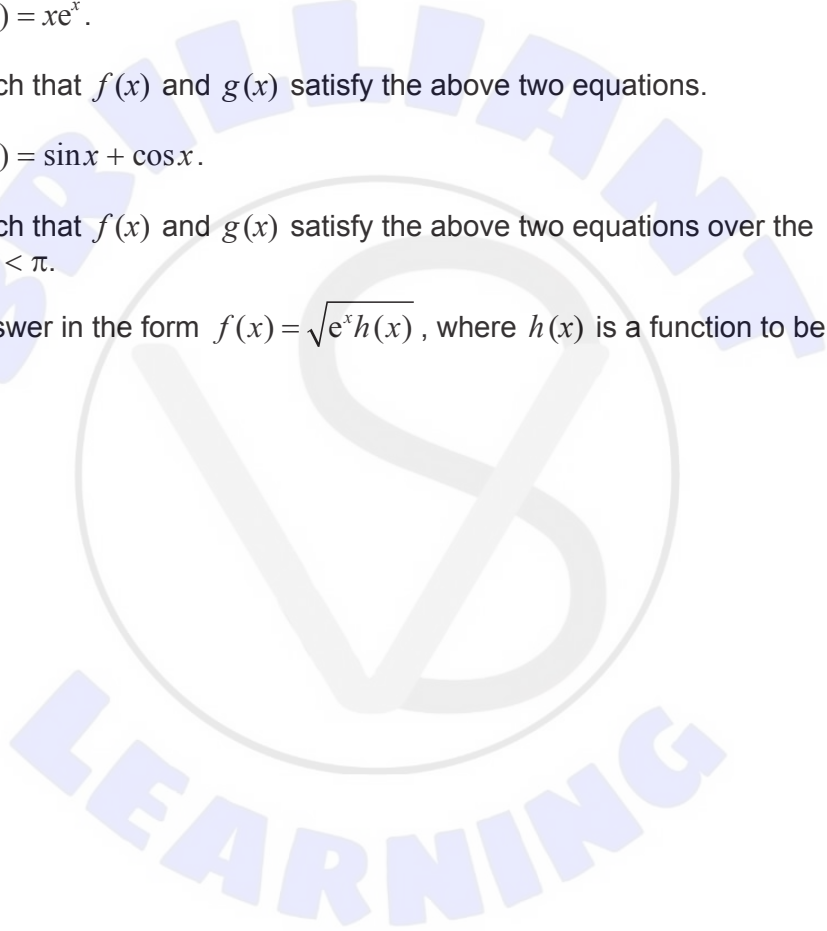
The result from part (c) can be used to find pairs of functions, $f(x)$ and $g(x)$, which satisfy **both** of the following:

$$(f(x)g(x))' = f(x)g'(x) + g(x)f'(x) \text{ and } (f(x)g(x))' = f'(x)g'(x).$$

In parts (d) and (e), use the result in part (c) with $A = 1$.

- (d) Consider $g(x) = xe^x$.
Find $f(x)$ such that $f(x)$ and $g(x)$ satisfy the above two equations. [5]

- (e) Consider $g(x) = \sin x + \cos x$.
Find $f(x)$ such that $f(x)$ and $g(x)$ satisfy the above two equations over the domain $0 < x < \pi$.
Give your answer in the form $f(x) = \sqrt{e^x h(x)}$, where $h(x)$ is a function to be determined. [7]



2. [Maximum mark: 31]

This question asks you to find the probability of graphs of randomly generated quadratic functions having a specified number of x -intercepts.

In parts (a) – (f), consider quadratic functions, $f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$, whose coefficients, a , b and c , are randomly generated in turn by rolling an unbiased six-sided die three times and reading off the value shown on the uppermost face of the die.

For example, rolling a 2, 3 and 5 in turn generates the quadratic function $f(x) = 2x^2 + 3x + 5$.

(a) Explain why there are 216 possible quadratic functions that can be generated using this method. [1]

(b) The set of coefficients, $a = 1$, $b = 4$ and $c = 4$, is randomly generated to form the quadratic function $f(x) = x^2 + 4x + 4$.

Verify that this graph of f has only one x -intercept. [2]

(c) By considering the discriminant, or otherwise, show that the probability of the graph of such a randomly generated quadratic function having only one x -intercept is $\frac{5}{216}$. [6]

Now consider randomly generated quadratic functions whose corresponding graphs have two **distinct** x -intercepts.

(d) By considering the discriminant, determine the set of possible values of ac . [3]

(e) (i) For the case where $ac = 1$, show that there are four quadratic functions whose corresponding graphs have two distinct x -intercepts. [1]

(ii) For the case where $ac = 2$, show that there are eight quadratic functions whose corresponding graphs have two distinct x -intercepts. [2]

Let p be the probability of the graph of such a randomly generated quadratic function having two distinct x -intercepts.

(f) Using the approach started in part (e), or otherwise, find the value of p . [6]

(This question continues on the following page)

(Question 2 continued)

In parts (g) and (h), consider a randomly generated quadratic function, $f(x) = x^2 + 2Zx + 1$, where the continuous random variable $Z \sim N(0, 1)$.

(g) Find the probability that the graph of f has two x -intercepts. [3]

The continuous random variables, X_1 and X_2 , represent the x -intercepts of the graph of f where $X_1 = -Z - \sqrt{Z^2 - 1}$ and $X_2 = -Z + \sqrt{Z^2 - 1}$.

(h) Given that the graph of f has two x -intercepts, X_1 and X_2 , find the probability that both X_1 and X_2 are greater than 0.5. [7]

