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**Mathematics: analysis and approaches**  
**Higher level**  
**Paper 1**

Friday 6 May 2022 (afternoon)

Candidate session number

2 hours

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**Instructions to candidates**

- Write your session number in the boxes above.
- Do not open this examination paper until instructed to do so.
- You are not permitted access to any calculator for this paper.
- Section A: answer all questions. Answers must be written within the answer boxes provided.
- Section B: answer all questions in the answer booklet provided. Fill in your session number on the front of the answer booklet, and attach it to this examination paper and your cover sheet using the tag provided.
- Unless otherwise stated in the question, all numerical answers should be given exactly or correct to three significant figures.
- A clean copy of the **mathematics: analysis and approaches formula booklet** is required for this paper.
- The maximum mark for this examination paper is **[110 marks]**.







3. [Maximum mark: 8]

A function  $f$  is defined by  $f(x) = \frac{2x-1}{x+1}$ , where  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ ,  $x \neq -1$ .

(a) The graph of  $y = f(x)$  has a vertical asymptote and a horizontal asymptote.

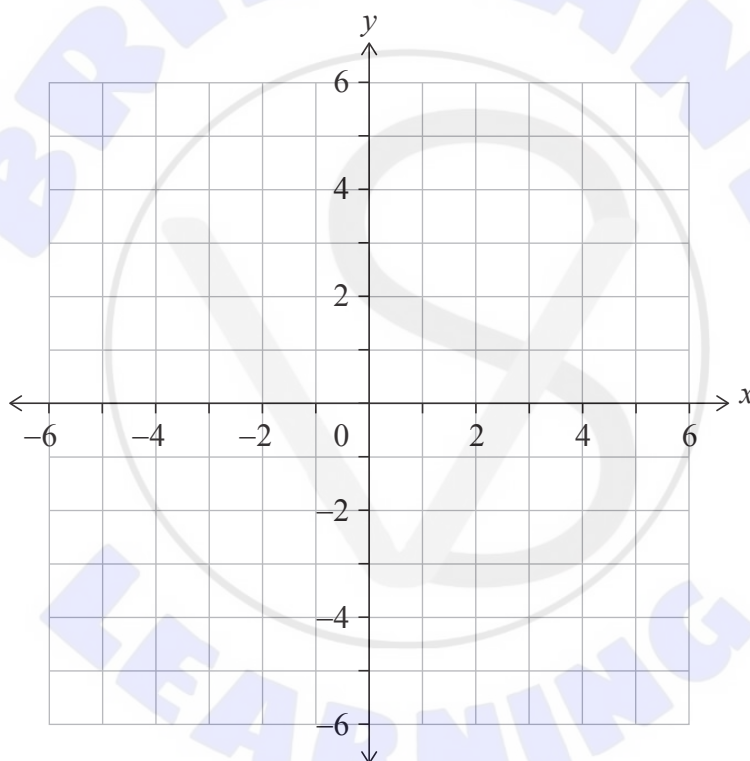
Write down the equation of

(i) the vertical asymptote;

(ii) the horizontal asymptote. [2]

(b) On the set of axes below, sketch the graph of  $y = f(x)$ .

On your sketch, clearly indicate the asymptotes and the position of any points of intersection with the axes. [3]



(c) Hence, solve the inequality  $0 < \frac{2x-1}{x+1} < 2$ . [1]

(d) Solve the inequality  $0 < \frac{2|x|-1}{|x|+1} < 2$ . [2]

(This question continues on the following page)





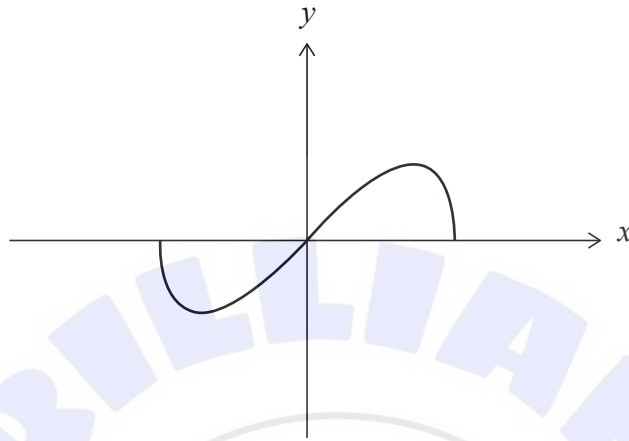




6. [Maximum mark: 8]

A function  $f$  is defined by  $f(x) = x\sqrt{1-x^2}$  where  $-1 \leq x \leq 1$ .

The graph of  $y = f(x)$  is shown below.



(a) Show that  $f$  is an odd function.

[2]

The range of  $f$  is  $a \leq y \leq b$ , where  $a, b \in \mathbb{R}$ .

(b) Find the value of  $a$  and the value of  $b$ .

[6]

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### Section B

Answer **all** questions in the answer booklet provided. Please start each question on a new page.

10. [Maximum mark: 16]

A biased four-sided die with faces labelled 1, 2, 3 and 4 is rolled and the result recorded. Let  $X$  be the result obtained when the die is rolled. The probability distribution for  $X$  is given in the following table where  $p$  and  $q$  are constants.

$x$	1	2	3	4
$P(X = x)$	$p$	0.3	$q$	0.1

For this probability distribution, it is known that  $E(X) = 2$ .

- (a) Show that  $p = 0.4$  and  $q = 0.2$ . [5]
- (b) Find  $P(X > 2)$ . [2]

Nicky plays a game with this four-sided die. In this game she is allowed a maximum of five rolls. Her score is calculated by adding the results of each roll. Nicky wins the game if her score is at least ten.

After three rolls of the die, Nicky has a score of four.

- (c) Assuming that rolls of the die are independent, find the probability that Nicky wins the game. [5]

David has two pairs of unbiased four-sided dice, a yellow pair and a red pair. Both yellow dice have faces labelled 1, 2, 3 and 4. Let  $S$  represent the sum obtained by rolling the two yellow dice. The probability distribution for  $S$  is shown below.

$s$	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
$P(S = s)$	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{2}{16}$	$\frac{3}{16}$	$\frac{4}{16}$	$\frac{3}{16}$	$\frac{2}{16}$	$\frac{1}{16}$

The first red die has faces labelled 1, 2, 2 and 3. The second red die has faces labelled 1,  $a$ ,  $a$  and  $b$ , where  $a < b$  and  $a, b \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ . The probability distribution for the sum obtained by rolling the red pair is the same as the distribution for the sum obtained by rolling the yellow pair.

- (d) Determine the value of  $b$ . [2]
- (e) Find the value of  $a$ , providing evidence for your answer. [2]



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11. [Maximum mark: 20]

A function  $f$  is defined by  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2 - 2x - 3}$ , where  $x \in \mathbb{R}, x \neq -1, x \neq 3$ .

- (a) Sketch the curve  $y = f(x)$ , clearly indicating any asymptotes with their equations. State the coordinates of any local maximum or minimum points and any points of intersection with the coordinate axes. [6]

A function  $g$  is defined by  $g(x) = \frac{1}{x^2 - 2x - 3}$ , where  $x \in \mathbb{R}, x > 3$ .

- (b) The inverse of  $g$  is  $g^{-1}$ .

(i) Show that  $g^{-1}(x) = 1 + \frac{\sqrt{4x^2 + x}}{x}$ .

- (ii) State the domain of  $g^{-1}$ . [7]

A function  $h$  is defined by  $h(x) = \arctan \frac{x}{2}$ , where  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ .

- (c) Given that  $(h \circ g)(a) = \frac{\pi}{4}$ , find the value of  $a$ .

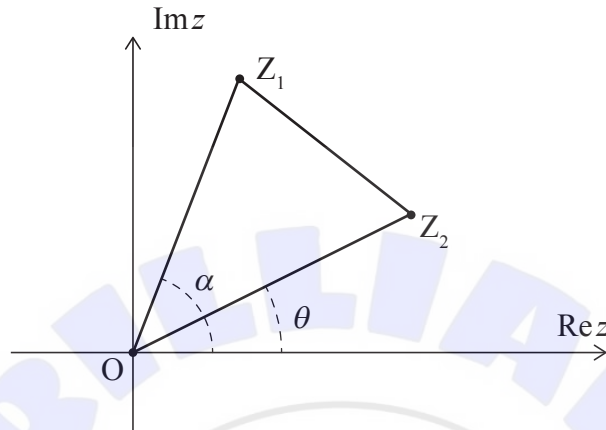
Give your answer in the form  $p + \frac{q}{2}\sqrt{r}$ , where  $p, q, r \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ . [7]



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**12.** [Maximum mark: 18]

In the following Argand diagram, the points  $Z_1$ ,  $O$  and  $Z_2$  are the vertices of triangle  $Z_1OZ_2$  described anticlockwise.



The point  $Z_1$  represents the complex number  $z_1 = r_1 e^{i\alpha}$ , where  $r_1 > 0$ . The point  $Z_2$  represents the complex number  $z_2 = r_2 e^{i\theta}$ , where  $r_2 > 0$ .

Angles  $\alpha$ ,  $\theta$  are measured anticlockwise from the positive direction of the real axis such that  $0 \leq \alpha$ ,  $\theta < 2\pi$  and  $0 < \alpha - \theta < \pi$ .

(a) Show that  $z_1 z_2^* = r_1 r_2 e^{i(\alpha - \theta)}$  where  $z_2^*$  is the complex conjugate of  $z_2$ . [2]

(b) Given that  $\text{Re}(z_1 z_2^*) = 0$ , show that  $Z_1OZ_2$  is a right-angled triangle. [2]

In parts (c), (d) and (e), consider the case where  $Z_1OZ_2$  is an equilateral triangle.

(c) (i) Express  $z_1$  in terms of  $z_2$ .

(ii) Hence show that  $z_1^2 + z_2^2 = z_1 z_2$ . [6]

Let  $z_1$  and  $z_2$  be the distinct roots of the equation  $z^2 + az + b = 0$  where  $z \in \mathbb{C}$  and  $a, b \in \mathbb{R}$ .

(d) Use the result from part (c)(ii) to show that  $a^2 - 3b = 0$ . [5]

Consider the equation  $z^2 + az + 12 = 0$ , where  $z \in \mathbb{C}$  and  $a \in \mathbb{R}$ .

(e) Given that  $0 < \alpha - \theta < \pi$ , deduce that only one equilateral triangle  $Z_1OZ_2$  can be formed from the point  $O$  and the roots of this equation. [3]

**References:**

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